

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

Do Not Write in These Spaces

FOR NET INCOMES FROM SALARIES OR WAGES OF MORE THAN \$5,000
AND INCOMES FROM BUSINESS, PROFESSION, RENTS, OR SALE OF PROPERTY

For Calendar Year 1935

or fiscal year begun ... 1935, and ended ... 1936

File This Return Not Later Than the 15th Day of the Third Month Following the Close of the Taxable Year

PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY BELOW

(Name) (Both husband and wife, if this is a joint return)

(Street and number, or rural route)

(Post office) (County) (State)

File Code

Serial Number

District (Cashier's Stamp)

Cash Check M. O. Cert. of Ind. First Payment

\$

- 1. State whether you are (a) a citizen of the United States, or (b) a resident alien.
2. If you filed a return for the preceding year, to which Collector's office was it sent?
3. Were you married and living with husband or wife during your taxable year?
4. Is this a joint return of husband and wife?
5. State name of husband or wife if a separate return was made and the Collector's office to which it was sent.
6. If not married, were you during your taxable year supporting in your household one or more persons closely related to you?
7. How many dependent persons (other than husband or wife) under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support received their chief support from you during your taxable year?
8. If your status in respect to question 3, 6, or 7 changed during the year, state date and nature of change.
9. State whether your books are kept on cash or accrual basis.
10. State principal occupation or profession accounting for salaries, wages, commissions, fees, etc., in Item 1.
11. Did you transfer to or receive from any one person money or property in excess of \$5,000, during the calendar year 1935, without an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth?
12. Did any person or persons advise you in respect of any question or matter affecting any item or schedule of this return, or assist or advise you in the preparation of this return, or actually prepare this return for you?
13. Did you make a return of information on Forms 1096 and 1099 (see Instruction 31) for the calendar year 1935?

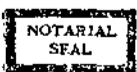
Table with columns: Item and Instruction No., INCOME, Amount received, Expenses paid, and multiple columns for tax calculation. Rows include: 1. Salaries, Wages, Commissions, Fees, etc.; 2. Net profit (or Loss) from Business or Profession; 3. Interest on Bank Deposits, Notes, Corporation Bonds, etc.; 4. Interest on Tax-free Covenant Bonds; 5. Income (or Loss) from Partnerships, Syndicates, Pools, etc.; 6. Income from Fiduciaries; 7. Rents and Royalties; 8. Capital Gain (or Loss); 9. Taxable Interest on Liberty Bonds, etc.; 10. Dividends on Stock of: (a) Domestic Corporations subject to taxation under Title I of 1934 Act; (b) Domestic Corporations not subject to taxation under Title I of 1934 Act; (c) Foreign Corporations; 11. Other Income; 12. TOTAL INCOME IN ITEMS 1 TO 11; 13. Interest Paid; 14. Taxes Paid; 15. Losses by Fire, Storm, etc.; 16. Bad Debts; 17. Contributions; 18. Other Deductions Authorized by Law; 19. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS IN ITEMS 13 TO 18; 20. NET INCOME (Item 12 minus Item 19).

Table for COMPUTATION OF TAX (See Instruction 23). Rows include: 21. Net income (Item 20 above); 22. Less: Personal exemption; 23. Credit for Dependents; 24. Balance (Surtax net income); 25. Less: Interest on Liberty bonds, etc. (Item 9); 26. Dividends (Item 10 (a)); 27. Earned income credit; 28. Balance subject to normal tax; 29. Normal tax (4% of Item 28); 30. Surtax on Item 24; 31. Total tax (Item 29 plus Item 30); 32. Less: Income tax paid at source (2% of Item 4); 33. Income tax paid to a foreign country or U. S. possession; 34. Balance of Tax (Item 31 minus Items 32 and 33).

AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction 27)

I/we swear (or affirm) that this return (including its accompanying schedules and statements, if any) has been examined by me/us, and to the best of my/our knowledge and belief is a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith, for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the Revenue Act of 1934 and the Regulations issued thereunder.

Sworn to and subscribed by ... before ... (Signature) (See Instruction 27)



me this ... day of ... 193 ...

(Signature and title of officer administering oath)

A RETURN MADE BY AN AGENT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY POWER OF ATTORNEY (See Instr. 27)

AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction 27)

I/we swear (or affirm) that I/we prepared this return for the person or persons named herein and that the return (including its accompanying schedules and statements, if any) is a true, correct, and complete statement of all the information respecting the income tax liability of the person or persons for whom this return has been prepared of which I/we have any knowledge.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this ... day of ... 193 ...



(Signature of officer administering oath)

(Title)

(Signature of person preparing the return)

(Signature of person preparing the return)

(Name of firm or employer, if any)

ATTACH REMITTANCE HERE

SCHEDULE A—PROFIT (OR LOSS) FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION (See Instruction 2)

1. Total receipts from business or profession (state kind of business).....		\$					\$
COST OF GOODS SOLD				OTHER BUSINESS DEDUCTIONS			
2. Labor.....	\$		10. Salaries not included as "Labor" in Line 2 (do not deduct compensation for your services).....	\$			
3. Material and supplies.....			11. Interest on business indebtedness to others.....				
4. Merchandise bought for sale.....			12. Taxes on business and business property.....				
5. Other costs (itemize below or on separate sheet).....			13. Losses (explain in table at foot of page).....				
6. Plus inventory at beginning of year.....			14. Bad debts arising from sales or services.....				
7. TOTAL (Lines 2 to 6).....	\$		15. Depreciation, obsolescence, and depletion (explain in table provided at foot of page).....				
8. Less inventory at end of year.....			16. Rent, repairs, and other expenses (itemize below or on separate sheet).....				
9. NET COST OF GOODS SOLD (Line 7 minus Line 8).....	\$		17. TOTAL (Lines 10 to 16).....	\$			
Enter "C", or "C or M", on Lines 6 and 8 to indicate whether inventories are valued at cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower.				18. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (Line 9 plus Line 17).....			
				19. NET PROFIT (OR LOSS) (Line 1 minus Line 18) (Enter as Item 2).....		\$	

Explanation of deductions claimed on Lines 5 and 16.....

SCHEDULE B—INCOME FROM RENTS AND ROYALTIES (See Instruction 7)

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. AMOUNT RECEIVED	3. COST OR VALUE AS OF MARCH 1, 1913, WHICHEVER GREATER	4. DEPRECIATION (Explain in table at foot of page)	5. REPAIRS	6. OTHER EXPENSES (Itemize below)	7. NET PROFIT (Enter as Item 7)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

Explanation of deductions claimed in Column 6.....

SCHEDULE C—CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (From Sales or Exchanges Only) (See Instruction 8)

1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY AND PERIOD HELD	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. DATE SOLD OR EXCHANGED	4. GROSS SALES PRICE (Contract price)	5. COST OR MARCH 1, 1913, VALUE IF ACQUIRED BEFORE THAT DATE. (Indicate basis)**	6. COST OF IMPROVEMENTS SUBSEQUENT TO ACQUISITION OR MARCH 1, 1913	7. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED (OR ALLOWABLE) SINCE ACQUISITION OR MARCH 1, 1913 (Furnish details)	8. GAIN OR LOSS	9. PERCENTAGE OF GAIN OR LOSS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT		10. GAIN OR LOSS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT	
								a. Gains	b. Losses	a. Gains	b. Losses
* (a) 1 year or less:	Mo. Day Year	Mo. Day Year	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	100		\$	\$
* (b) Over 1 year but not over 2 years:								80			
* (c) Over 2 years but not over 5 years:								60			
* (d) Over 5 years but not over 10 years:								40			
* (e) Over 10 years:								30			
* (f) TOTAL GAINS AND LOSSES (Enter net amount as Item 8) (Capital losses are allowable only to the extent of \$2,000 plus capital gains).....								\$		\$	\$

*In reporting sales or exchanges of capital assets attach separate schedule, if necessary, for transactions coming within each of the 5 periods, and transfer gains and losses for each period to Column 10 above.
 **Cost of property must be entered in Column 5 if a loss is claimed in Column 8.
 State (1) how property was acquired; (2) Personal or business relationship, if any, of purchaser.
 Every sale or exchange of stock should be reported in detail, including name and address of corporation, class of stock, number of shares, capital changes affecting basis (stock dividends, other nontaxable dividends, stock rights, etc.).

SCHEDULE D—INTEREST ON LIBERTY BONDS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR SECURITIES (See Instruction 9)

1. OBLIGATIONS OR SECURITIES	2. AMOUNT OWNED AT END OF YEAR	3. INTEREST RECEIVED OR ACCRUED DURING THE YEAR	4. PRINCIPAL AMOUNT EXEMPT FROM TAXATION	5. AMOUNT OWNED IN EXCESS OF EXEMPTION	6. INTEREST ON AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF EXEMPTION
(a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions.....	\$	\$	All.....	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X
(b) Obligations issued under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended.....			All.....	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X
(c) Liberty 3½% Bonds and other obligations of United States issued on or before September 1, 1917.....			All.....	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X
(d) Treasury Notes, Treasury Bills, and Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.....			All.....	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X
(e) Liberty 4% and 4¼% Bonds; U. S. Savings Bonds; Treasury Bonds.....			\$5,000.....	\$	\$
(f) Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations to be reported in (b) above).....			None.....		
(g) TOTAL (enter total of column 6 as Item 9).....					\$

SCHEDULE E—INCOME FROM DIVIDENDS

Itemize all dividends received during the year, stating amounts and names and addresses of corporations declaring the dividends:

SCHEDULE F—EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED IN ITEMS 1, 13, 14, 16, 17, AND 18, AND CREDIT CLAIMED IN ITEM 23

EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR DEPRECIATION CLAIMED IN SCHEDULES A AND B

1. KIND OF PROPERTY (if buildings, state material of which constructed)	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. COST OR MARCH 1, 1913, VALUE IF ACQUIRED PRIOR TO THAT DATE (Indicate basis)	4. ASSETS FULLY DEPRECIATED IN USE AT END OF YEAR	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED (OR ALLOWABLE) IN PRIOR YEARS	6. REMAINING COST OR OTHER BASIS TO BE RECOVERED	7. LIFE USED IN ACCUMULATING DEPRECIATION	8. ESTIMATED REMAINING LIFE FROM BEGINNING OF YEAR	9. DEPRECIATION ALLOWABLE THIS YEAR
		\$	\$	\$	\$			\$

EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR LOSSES BY FIRE, STORM, ETC., CLAIMED IN SCHEDULE A AND IN ITEM 15

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. COST	4. SUBSEQUENT IMPROVEMENTS	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWABLE SINCE ACQUISITION	6. INSURANCE AND SALVAGE VALUE	7. DEDUCTIBLE LOSS
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

FOR NET INCOMES FROM SALARIES OR WAGES OF MORE THAN \$5,000
AND INCOMES FROM BUSINESS, PROFESSION, RENTS, OR SALE OF PROPERTY

For Calendar Year 1935

or fiscal year begun _____, 1935, and ended _____, 1936
File This Return Not Later Than the 15th Day of the Third Month Following the Close of the Taxable Year

PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY BELOW

(Name) (Both husband and wife, if this is a joint return)

(Street and number, or rural route)

(Post office)

(County)

(State)

DUPLICATE

- State whether you are (a) a citizen of the United States, or (b) a resident alien
- If you filed a return for the preceding year, to which Collector's office was it sent?
- Were you married and living with husband or wife during your taxable year?
- Is this a joint return of husband and wife?
- State name of husband or wife if a separate return was made and the Collector's office to which it was sent
- If not married, were you during your taxable year supporting in your household one or more persons closely related to you?
- How many dependent persons (other than husband or wife) under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support received their chief support from you during your taxable year?
- If your status in respect to question 3, 6, or 7 changed during the year, state date and nature of change
- State whether your books are kept on cash or accrual basis
- State principal occupation or profession accounting for salaries, wages, commissions, fees, etc., in Item 1
- Did you transfer to or receive from any one person money or property in excess of \$5,000, during the calendar year 1935, without an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth? (Answer "yes" or "no")
If so, did you file a gift tax return on Form 706 or an information return on Form 7107 (Answer "yes" or "no")
- Did any person or persons advise you in respect of any question or matter affecting any item or schedule of this return, or assist or advise you in the preparation of this return, or actually prepare this return for you? (Answer "yes" or "no") If so, give the name and address of such person or persons and state the nature and extent of the assistance or advice received by you and the items or schedules in respect of which the assistance or advice was received; if this return was actually prepared by any person or persons other than yourself, state the source of the information reported in this return and the manner in which it was furnished to or obtained by such person or persons
- Did you make a return of information on Forms 1096 and 1099 (see Instruction 31) for the calendar year 1935? (Answer "yes" or "no")

ATTACH REMITTANCE HERE

Item and Instruction No.	INCOME	Amount received	Expenses paid (Explain in Schedule F)				
1. Salaries, Wages, Commissions, Fees, etc. (State name and address of employer)		\$	\$	\$			
2. Net profit (or Loss) from Business or Profession. (From Schedule A)	(State kind of business)						
3. Interest on Bank Deposits, Notes, Corporation Bonds, etc. (except interest on tax-free covenant bonds)							
4. Interest on Tax-free Covenant Bonds Upon Which a Tax was Paid at Source							
5. Income (or Loss) from Partnerships, Syndicates, Pools, etc. (Furnish name, address, and kind of business)							
6. Income from Fiduciaries. (Furnish name and address)							
7. Rents and Royalties. (From Schedule B)							
8. Capital Gain (or Loss). (From Schedule C)							
9. Taxable Interest on Liberty Bonds, etc. (From Schedule D, Line (g))							
10. Dividends on Stock of: (a) Domestic Corporations subject to taxation under Title I of 1934 Act (b) Domestic Corporations not subject to taxation under Title I of 1934 Act (c) Foreign Corporations							
11. Other Income. (State nature) (Use separate schedule, if necessary)							
12. TOTAL INCOME IN ITEMS 1 TO 11				\$			
DEDUCTIONS							
13. Interest Paid. (Explain in Schedule F)				\$			
14. Taxes Paid. (Explain in Schedule F)							
15. Losses by Fire, Storm, etc. (Explain in table at foot of page 2)							
16. Bad Debts (including bonds determined to be worthless during taxable year). (Explain in Schedule F)							
17. Contributions. (Explain in Schedule F)							
18. Other Deductions Authorized by Law (including stock determined to be worthless during taxable year). (Explain in Schedule F)							
19. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS IN ITEMS 13 TO 18							
20. NET INCOME (Item 12 minus Item 19)				\$			

COMPUTATION OF TAX (See Instruction 23)

21. Net income (Item 20 above)	\$						
22. Less: Personal exemption	\$						
23. Credit for Dependents (Explain in Schedule F)							
24. Balance (Surtax net income)	\$						
25. Less: Interest on Liberty bonds, etc. (Item 9)	\$						
26. Dividends. (Item 10 (a))							
27. Earned income credit. (See Instruction 22)							
28. Balance subject to normal tax	\$						
29. Normal tax (4% of Item 28)	\$						
30. Surtax on Item 24. (See Instruction 23)							
31. Total tax (Item 29 plus Item 30)	\$						
32. Less: Income tax paid at source (2% of Item 4)	\$						
33. Income tax paid to a foreign country or U. S. possession							
34. Balance of Tax. (Item 31 minus Items 32 and 33)	\$						

AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction 27)

I/we swear (or affirm) that this return (including its accompanying schedules and statements, if any) has been examined by me/us, and to the best of my/our knowledge and belief is a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith, for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the Revenue Act of 1934 and the Regulations issued thereunder.

Sworn to and subscribed by _____ before _____

(Signature) (See Instruction 27)

me this _____ day of _____, 193 _____

(Signature)



(Signature and title of officer administering oath)

A RETURN MADE BY AN AGENT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY POWER OF ATTORNEY (See Instr. 27)

AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction 27)

I/we swear (or affirm) that I/we prepared this return for the person or persons named herein and that the return (including its accompanying schedules and statements, if any) is a true, correct, and complete statement of all the information respecting the income tax liability of the person or persons for whom this return has been prepared of which I/we have any knowledge.

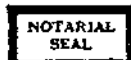
Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, 193 _____

(Signature of person preparing the return)

(Signature of officer administering oath)

(Title)

(Signature of person preparing the return)



(Name of firm or employer, if any)

SCHEDULE A—PROFIT (OR LOSS) FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION (See Instruction 2)

1. Total receipts from business or profession (state kind of business).....		\$		
COST OF GOODS SOLD				
2. Labor.....	\$		OTHER BUSINESS DEDUCTIONS	
3. Material and supplies.....			10. Salaries not included as "Labor" in Line 2 (do not deduct compensation for your services).....	\$
4. Merchandise bought for sale.....			11. Interest on business indebtedness to others.....	
5. Other costs (itemize below or on separate sheet).....			12. Taxes on business and business property.....	
6. Plus inventory at beginning of year.....			13. Losses (explain in table at foot of page).....	
7. TOTAL (Lines 2 to 6).....	\$		14. Bad debts arising from sales or services.....	
8. Less inventory at end of year.....			15. Depreciation, obsolescence, and depletion (explain in table provided at foot of page).....	
9. NET COST OF GOODS SOLD (Line 7 minus Line 8).....	\$		16. Rent, repairs, and other expenses (itemize below or on separate sheet).....	
			17. TOTAL (Lines 10 to 16).....	\$
			18. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (Line 9 plus Line 17).....	
			19. NET PROFIT (OR LOSS) (Line 1 minus Line 18) (Enter as Item 2).....	\$

Enter "C", or "C or M", on Lines 6 and 8 to indicate whether inventories are valued at cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower.

Explanation of deductions claimed on Lines 5 and 16.....

SCHEDULE B—INCOME FROM RENTS AND ROYALTIES (See Instruction 7)

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. AMOUNT RECEIVED		3. COST OR VALUE AS OF MARCH 1, 1913, WHICHEVER GREATER		4. DEPRECIATION (Explain in table at foot of page)		5. REPAIRS		6. OTHER EXPENSES (Itemize below)		7. NET PROFIT (Enter as Item 7)	
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

Explanation of deductions claimed in Column 6.....

SCHEDULE C—CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (From Sales or Exchanges Only) (See Instruction 8)

1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY AND PERIOD HELD	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. DATE SOLD OR EXCHANGED	4. GROSS SALES PRICE (Contract price)	5. COST OR MARCH 1, 1913, VALUE IF ACQUIRED BEFORE THAT DATE. (Indicate basis)**	6. COST OF IMPROVEMENTS SUBSEQUENT TO ACQUISITION OR MARCH 1, 1913	7. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED (OR ALLOWABLE) SINCE ACQUISITION OR MARCH 1, 1913 (Furnish details)	8. GAIN OR LOSS	9. PERCENTAGE OF GAIN OR LOSS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT	10. GAIN OR LOSS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT	
									a. Gains	b. Losses
* (a) 1 year or less:	Mo. Day Year	Mo. Day Year								
* (b) Over 1 year but not over 2 years:			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	100	\$	\$
* (c) Over 2 years but not over 5 years:								80		
* (d) Over 5 years but not over 10 years:								60		
* (e) Over 10 years:								40		
								30		
(f) TOTAL GAINS AND LOSSES (Enter net amount as Item 8) (Capital losses are allowable only to the extent of \$2,000 plus capital gains).....									\$	\$

*In reporting sales or exchanges of capital assets attach separate schedule, if necessary, for transactions coming within each of the 5 periods, and transfer gains and losses for each period to Column 10 above.
 **Cost of property must be entered in Column 5 if a loss is claimed in Column 8.
 State (1) how property was acquired; (2) Personal or business relationship, if any, of purchaser.
 Every sale or exchange of stock should be reported in detail, including name and address of corporation, class of stock, number of shares, capital changes affecting basis (stock dividends, other nontaxable dividends, stock rights, etc.).

SCHEDULE D—INTEREST ON LIBERTY BONDS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR SECURITIES (See Instruction 9)

1. OBLIGATIONS OR SECURITIES	2. AMOUNT OWNED AT END OF YEAR		3. INTEREST RECEIVED OR ACCRUED DURING THE YEAR		4. PRINCIPAL AMOUNT EXEMPT FROM TAXATION	5. AMOUNT OWNED IN EXCESS OF EXEMPTION		6. INTEREST ON AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF EXEMPTION	
	\$		\$						
(a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions.....	\$		\$		All	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(b) Obligations issued under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended.....					All	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(c) Liberty 3½% Bonds and other obligations of United States issued on or before September 1, 1917.....					All	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(d) Treasury Notes, Treasury Bills, and Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.....					All	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(e) Liberty 4% and 4½% Bonds; U. S. Savings Bonds; Treasury Bonds.....					\$5,000	\$	\$	\$	
(f) Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations to be reported in (b) above).....					None				
(g) TOTAL (enter total of column 6 as Item 9).....									\$

SCHEDULE E—INCOME FROM DIVIDENDS

Itemize all dividends received during the year, stating amounts and names and addresses of corporations declaring the dividends:

SCHEDULE F—EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED IN ITEMS 1, 13, 14, 16, 17, AND 18, AND CREDIT CLAIMED IN ITEM 23

EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR DEPRECIATION CLAIMED IN SCHEDULES A AND B

1. KIND OF PROPERTY (If buildings, state material of which constructed)	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. COST OR MARCH 1, 1913, VALUE IF ACQUIRED PRIOR TO THAT DATE (Indicate basis)	4. ASSETS FULLY DEPRECIATED IN USE AT END OF YEAR	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED (OR ALLOWABLE) IN PRIOR YEARS	6. REMAINING COST OR OTHER BASIS TO BE RECOVERED	7. LIFE USED IN ACCUMULATING DEPRECIATION	8. ESTIMATED REMAINING LIFE FROM BEGINNING OF YEAR	9. DEPRECIATION ALLOWABLE THIS YEAR
		\$	\$	\$	\$			\$

EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR LOSSES BY FIRE, STORM, ETC., CLAIMED IN SCHEDULE A AND IN ITEM 15

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. COST	4. SUBSEQUENT IMPROVEMENTS	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWABLE SINCE ACQUISITION	6. INSURANCE AND SALVAGE VALUE	7. DEDUCTIBLE LOSS
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

**COPY TO BE
RETAINED BY
TAXPAYER**

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

FOR NET INCOMES FROM SALARIES OR WAGES OF MORE THAN \$5,000
AND INCOMES FROM BUSINESS, PROFESSION, RENTS, OR SALE OF PROPERTY

For Calendar Year 1935

or fiscal year begun _____, 1935, and ended _____, 1936

File This Return Not Later Than the 15th Day of the Third Month Following the Close of the Taxable Year

PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY BELOW

(Name) (Both husband and wife, if this is a joint return)

(Street and number, or rural route)

(Post office)

(County)

(State)

IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE
IN PREPARING THIS
RETURN, GO TO A
DEPUTY COLLECTOR
OR TO THE
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE

- State whether you are (a) a citizen of the United States, or (b) a resident alien
- If you filed a return for the preceding year, to which Collector's office was it sent?
- Were you married and living with husband or wife during your taxable year?
- Is this a joint return of husband and wife?
- State name of husband or wife if a separate return was made and the Collector's office to which it was sent
- If not married, were you during your taxable year supporting in your household one or more persons closely related to you?
- How many dependent persons (other than husband or wife) under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support received their chief support from you during your taxable year?
- If your status in respect to question 3, 6, or 7 changed during the year, state date and nature of change
- State whether your books are kept on cash or accrual basis
- State principal occupation or profession accounting for salaries, wages, commissions, fees, etc., in Item 1
- Did you transfer to or receive from any one person money or property in excess of \$5,000, during the calendar year 1935, without an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth?
(Answer "yes" or "no")
If so, did you file a gift tax return on Form 709 or an information return on Form 710? (Answer "yes" or "no")
- Did any person or persons advise you in respect of any question or matter affecting any item or schedule of this return, or assist or advise you in the preparation of this return, or actually prepare this return for you? (Answer "yes" or "no") If so, give the name and address of such person or persons and state the nature and extent of the assistance or advice received by you and the items or schedules in respect of which the assistance or advice was received; if this return was actually prepared by any person or persons other than yourself, state the source of the information reported in this return and the manner in which it was furnished to or obtained by such person or persons
- Did you make a return of information on Forms 1006 and 1009 (see Instruction 31) for the calendar year 1935? (Answer "yes" or "no")

Item and Instruction No.	INCOME	Amount received	Expenses paid				
	(State name and address of employer)		(Explain in Schedule F)				
1.	Salaries, Wages, Commissions, Fees, etc.	\$	\$	\$			
2.	Net profit (or Loss) from Business or Profession. (From Schedule A)						
3.	Interest on Bank Deposits, Notes, Corporation Bonds, etc. (except interest on tax-free covenant bonds)						
4.	Interest on Tax-free Covenant Bonds Upon Which a Tax was Paid at Source						
5.	Income (or Loss) from Partnerships, Syndicates, Pools, etc. (Furnish name, address, and kind of business)						
6.	Income from Fiduciaries. (Furnish name and address)						
7.	Rents and Royalties. (From Schedule B)						
8.	Capital Gain (or Loss). (From Schedule C)						
9.	Taxable Interest on Liberty Bonds, etc. (From Schedule D, Lines (g))						
10.	Dividends on Stock of: (a) Domestic Corporations subject to taxation under Title I of 1934 Act (b) Domestic Corporations not subject to taxation under Title I of 1934 Act (c) Foreign Corporations						
11.	Other Income. (State nature) (Use separate schedule, if necessary)						
12.	TOTAL INCOME IN ITEMS 1 TO 11			\$			
DEDUCTIONS							
13.	Interest Paid. (Explain in Schedule F)			\$			
14.	Taxes Paid. (Explain in Schedule F)						
15.	Losses by Fire, Storm, etc. (Explain in table at foot of page 2)						
16.	Bad Debts (including bonds determined to be worthless during taxable year). (Explain in Schedule F)						
17.	Contributions. (Explain in Schedule F)						
18.	Other Deductions Authorized by Law (including stock determined to be worthless during taxable year). (Explain in Schedule F)						
19.	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS IN ITEMS 13 TO 18						
20.	NET INCOME (Item 12 minus Item 19)			\$			

COMPUTATION OF TAX (See Instruction 23)

21.	Net income (Item 20 above)	\$							
22.	Less: Personal exemption	\$							
23.	Credit for Dependents (Explain in Schedule F)								
24.	Balance (Surtax net income)	\$							
25.	Less: Interest on Liberty bonds, etc. (Item 9)	\$							
26.	Dividends. (Item 10 (a))								
27.	Earned income credit. (See Instruction 22)								
28.	Balance subject to normal tax	\$							
29.	Normal tax (4% of Item 28)	\$							
30.	Surtax on Item 24. (See Instruction 23)								
31.	Total tax (Item 29 plus Item 30)	\$							
32.	Less: Income tax paid at source (2% of Item 4)	\$							
33.	Income tax paid to a foreign country or U. S. possession								
34.	Balance of Tax. (Item 31 minus Items 32 and 33)	\$							

TAXPAYER'S RECORD OF PAYMENTS

PAYMENT	AMOUNT	DATE	CHECK OR M. O. No.	BANK OR OFFICE OF ISSUE
First	\$			
Second				
Third				
Fourth				

An amended return must be marked "Amended" at top of return. Checks and drafts will be accepted only if payable at par.

SCHEDULE A—PROFIT (OR LOSS) FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION (See Instruction 2)

1. Total receipts from business or profession (state kind of business).....		\$.....	
COST OF GOODS SOLD			
2. Labor.....	\$.....	10. Salaries not included as "Labor" in Line 2 (do not deduct compensation for your services).....	
3. Material and supplies.....		11. Interest on business indebtedness to others.....	
4. Merchandise bought for sale.....		12. Taxes on business and business property.....	
5. Other costs (itemize below or on separate sheet).....		13. Losses (explain in table at foot of page).....	
6. Plus inventory at beginning of year.....		14. Bad debts arising from sales or services.....	
7. TOTAL (Lines 2 to 6).....	\$.....	15. Depreciation, obsolescence, and depletion (explain in table provided at foot of page).....	
8. Less inventory at end of year.....		16. Rent, repairs, and other expenses (itemize below or on separate sheet).....	
9. NET COST OF GOODS SOLD (Line 7 minus Line 8).....	\$.....	17. TOTAL (Lines 10 to 16).....	
		\$.....	
		18. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (Line 9 plus Line 17).....	
		\$.....	
		19. NET PROFIT (OR LOSS) (Line 1 minus Line 18) (Enter as Item 2).....	
		\$.....	

Enter "C", or "C or M", on Lines 6 and 8 to indicate whether inventories are valued at cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower.

Explanation of deductions claimed on Lines 5 and 16.....

SCHEDULE B—INCOME FROM RENTS AND ROYALTIES (See Instruction 7)

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. AMOUNT RECEIVED		3. COST OR VALUE AS OF MARCH 1, 1913, WHICHEVER GREATER		4. DEPRECIATION (Explain in table at foot of page)		5. REPAIRS		6. OTHER EXPENSES (Itemize below)		7. NET PROFIT (Enter as Item 7)	
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

Explanation of deductions claimed in Column 6.....

SCHEDULE C—CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (From Sales or Exchanges Only) (See Instruction 8)

1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY AND PERIOD HELD	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. DATE SOLD OR EXCHANGED	4. GROSS SALES PRICE (Contract price)	5. COST OR MARCH 1, 1913, VALUE IF ACQUIRED BEFORE THAT DATE. (Indicate basis)**	6. COST OF IMPROVEMENTS SUBSEQUENT TO ACQUISITION OR MARCH 1, 1913	7. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED (OR ALLOWABLE) SINCE ACQUISITION OR MARCH 1, 1913 (Furnish details)	8. GAIN OR LOSS	9. PERCENTAGE OF GAIN OR LOSS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT	10. GAIN OR LOSS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT	
									a. Gains	b. Losses
*(a) 1 year or less:	Mo. Day Year	Mo. Day Year	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	100	\$	\$
*(b) Over 1 year but not over 2 years:								80		
*(c) Over 2 years but not over 5 years:								60		
*(d) Over 5 years but not over 10 years:								40		
*(e) Over 10 years:								30		
*(f) TOTAL GAINS AND LOSSES (Enter net amount as Item 9) (Capital losses are allowable only to the extent of \$2,000 plus capital gains).....									\$.....	\$.....

*In reporting sales or exchanges of capital assets attach separate schedule, if necessary, for transactions coming within each of the 5 periods, and transfer gains and losses for each period to Column 10 above.

**Cost of property must be entered in Column 5 if a loss is claimed in Column 8.

State (1) how property was acquired.....

Every sale or exchange of stock should be reported in detail, including name and address of corporation, class of stock, number of shares, capital changes affecting basis (stock dividends, other nontaxable dividends, stock rights, etc.). (2) Personal or business relationship, if any, of purchaser.....

SCHEDULE D—INTEREST ON LIBERTY BONDS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR SECURITIES (See Instruction 9)

1. OBLIGATIONS OR SECURITIES	2. AMOUNT OWED AT END OF YEAR		3. INTEREST RECEIVED OR ACCRUED DURING THE YEAR		4. PRINCIPAL AMOUNT EXEMPT FROM TAXATION	5. AMOUNT OWED IN EXCESS OF EXEMPTION		6. INTEREST ON AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF EXEMPTION	
	\$		\$						
(a) Obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions.....	\$		\$		All.....	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(b) Obligations issued under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended.....					All.....	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(c) Liberty 3½% Bonds and other obligations of United States issued on or before September 1, 1917.....					All.....	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(d) Treasury Notes, Treasury Bills, and Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.....					All.....	XXXXXX	XX	XXXXXX	XX
(e) Liberty 4% and 4¼% Bonds; U. S. Savings Bonds; Treasury Bonds.....					\$5,000.....	\$		\$	
(f) Obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations to be reported in (b) above).....					None.....				
(g) TOTAL (enter total of column 6 as Item 9).....									\$.....

SCHEDULE E—INCOME FROM DIVIDENDS

Itemize all dividends received during the year, stating amounts and names and addresses of corporations declaring the dividends:

SCHEDULE F—EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED IN ITEMS 1, 13, 14, 16, 17, AND 18, AND CREDIT CLAIMED IN ITEM 23

EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR DEPRECIATION CLAIMED IN SCHEDULES A AND B

1. KIND OF PROPERTY (If buildings, state material of which constructed)	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. COST OR MARCH 1, 1913, VALUE IF ACQUIRED PRIOR TO THAT DATE (Indicate basis)	4. ASSETS FULLY DEPRECIATED IN USE AT END OF YEAR	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED (OR ALLOWABLE) IN PRIOR YEARS	6. REMAINING COST OR OTHER BASIS TO BE RECOVERED	7. LIFE USED IN ACCUMULATING DEPRECIATION	8. ESTIMATED REMAINING LIFE FROM BEGINNING OF YEAR	9. DEPRECIATION ALLOWABLE THIS YEAR
		\$	\$	\$	\$			\$

EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR LOSSES BY FIRE, STORM, ETC., CLAIMED IN SCHEDULE A AND IN ITEM 15

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. COST	4. SUBSEQUENT IMPROVEMENTS	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWABLE SINCE ACQUISITION	6. INSURANCE AND SALVAGE VALUE	7. DEDUCTIBLE LOSS
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

INSTRUCTIONS

The Instructions Numbered 1 to 20 Correspond with the Item Numbers on the First Page of the Return

1. INCOME FROM SALARIES, WAGES, COMMISSIONS, ETC.

Enter as Item 1 on page 1 of the return, all salaries or other compensation credited by or received from outside sources. Use a separate line for each entry, giving the information requested.

Any amount claimed as a deduction for necessary expenses against salaries, etc., such as traveling expenses, while away from home in the pursuit of a trade or business, should be fully explained in Schedule F on page 2 of the return, or on an attached statement. Traveling expenses ordinarily include expenditures for railroad fares, meals, and lodging.

2. PROFIT (OR LOSS) FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION

If you owned a business, or practiced a profession on your own account, fill in Schedule A on page 2 of the return, and enter the net profit (or loss) as Item 2 on page 1 of the return.

This schedule should include income from: (a) Sale of merchandise or products of manufacturing, mining, construction, and agriculture; (b) Business service, such as hotel, restaurant, and garage service, amusements, laundering, storage, transportation, etc.; and (c) Professional service, such as dentistry, law, or medicine. In general, report any income in the earning of which you incurred expenses for material, labor, supplies, etc.

Farmer's income schedule.—If you are a farmer and keep no books of account, or keep books on a cash basis, obtain from the Collector, and attach to this return, Form 1040F, Schedule of Farm Income and Expenses, and enter the net farm income as Item 2 on page 1 of this return. If your farm books of account are kept on an accrual basis, the filing of Form 1040F is optional.

Installment sales.—If the installment method is used, attach to the return a schedule showing separately for the years 1932, 1933, 1934, and 1935 the following: (a) Gross sales; (b) Cost of goods sold; (c) Gross profits; (d) Percentage of profits to gross sales; (e) Amount collected; and (f) Gross profit on amount collected. See Section 44 of the Revenue Act of 1934.

Kind of business.—Describe the business or profession in the space provided in Item 2, page 1, as "grocery," "retail clothing," "drug store," "laundry," "doctor," "lawyer," "farmer," etc.

Total receipts.—Enter on Line 1 of Schedule A the total receipts, less any discounts or allowances from the sale price or service charge.

Inventories.—If engaged in a trade or business in which the production, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an income-producing factor, inventories of merchandise on hand should be taken at the beginning and end of the taxable year, which may be valued at cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower.

Salaries.—Enter on Line 10 all salaries not included as "Labor" on Line 2, except compensation for services of yourself, your dependent minor children, or of husband or wife if a joint return is filed, which is not deductible.

Interest.—Enter on Line 11 interest on business indebtedness. Do not include interest to yourself on capital invested in or advanced to the business.

Taxes.—Enter on Line 12 taxes on business property or for carrying on business. Do not include taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed, nor Federal income taxes, nor estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes.

Losses.—Enter on Line 13 losses incurred in the trade or business, if not compensated for by insurance or otherwise and not made good by repairs claimed as a deduction. Losses of business property arising from fire, storm, etc., should be explained in the table at the foot of page 2 of the return.

Bad debts.—Enter on Line 14 debts, or portions thereof, arising from sales or services that have been reflected in income, which have been definitely ascertained to be worthless and charged off within the year, or such reasonable amount as has been added to a reserve for bad debts within the year.

A debt previously charged off as bad, if subsequently collected, must be returned as income for the year in which collected.

Depreciation.—Enter on Line 15 the amount claimed as depreciation by reason of exhaustion, wear and tear of property used in the trade or business, or as obsolescence or depletion, and explain in the table at the foot of page 2 how this amount was determined. If obsolescence is claimed, explain why the useful life is less than the actual life.

The amount of depreciation on property acquired by purchase should be determined upon the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property and the probable number of years remaining of its expected useful life, except if the property was purchased prior to March 1, 1913, it will be computed on the fair market value of such property as of that date or its original cost (less depreciation actually sustained before that date), whichever is greater. If the property was acquired in any other manner than by purchase, see Sections 23 (l), 23 (n), and 114 of the Revenue Act of 1934.

In case a deduction is claimed on account of depletion of mines, oil or gas wells, or timber, see Sections 23 (m), 23 (n), and 114 of the Revenue Act of 1934.

Do not claim any deduction for depreciation in the value of a building occupied by you as a dwelling, or property held for personal use, nor for land (exclusive of improvements thereon), nor on stocks, bonds, and securities.

Rent, repairs, and other expenses.—Enter on Line 16 rent on business property in which you have no equity, ordinary repairs to keep the property in a usable condition, and other necessary business expenses not classified above, such as heat, light, and fire insurance. Do not include rent for a dwelling occupied by you for residential purposes, the cost of business equipment or furniture, expenditures for replacements or permanent improvements to property, nor personal, living, or family expenses.

3. INTEREST ON BANK DEPOSITS, ETC.

Enter as Item 3 all interest received or credited to your account during the taxable year on bank deposits, notes, mortgages, and corporation bonds, except interest on bonds upon which a tax was paid at the source. Interest on bonds is considered income when due and payable.

4. INTEREST ON TAX-FREE COVENANT BONDS

Enter as Item 4 bond interest upon which a tax was paid at source. Such tax (2 percent of the interest entered in Item 4) may be claimed as a credit in Item 32 of the return.

5 AND 6. INCOME FROM PARTNERSHIPS, SYNDICATES, POOLS, ETC., AND FIDUCIARIES

Enter as Item 5 your share of the profits (whether received or not) (or of the losses) of a partnership, syndicate, pool, etc., and as Item 6 income from an estate or trust, except that the share of (a) taxable interest on obligations of the United States, etc., shall be included in Schedule D, and (b) profits which consisted of dividends on stock of domestic corporations which are subject to income tax shall be included in Item 10 (a) on the return. Include in Items 32 and 33, respectively, credits claimed for income tax paid at source, and foreign income taxes.

If the taxable year on the basis of which you file your return does not coincide with the annual accounting period of the partnership or fiduciary, then you should include in your return your distributive share of the net profits (or losses) for such accounting period ending within your taxable year.

7. INCOME FROM RENTS AND ROYALTIES

Fill in Schedule B, giving the information requested.

If you received property or crops in lieu of cash rent, report the income as though the rent had been received in cash. Crops received as rent on a crop-share basis should be reported as income for the year in which disposed of (unless your return shows income accrued).

Enter as depreciation the amount of exhaustion, wear and tear, or depletion sustained during the taxable year and explain in the table at the foot of page 2.

Other expenses, such as interest, taxes, fire insurance, fuel, light, labor, and other necessary expenses of this character should be itemized.

8. CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES

Report sales or exchanges of capital assets in Schedule C and enter the net amount of gain or loss to be taken into account in computing net income as Item 8. (CAPITAL LOSSES ARE ALLOWABLE ONLY TO THE EXTENT OF \$2,000 PLUS CAPITAL GAINS.) Describe the property briefly, and state the price received or the fair market value of the property received in exchange. Expenses connected with the sale or exchange may be deducted in computing the profit or loss.

If the property sold or exchanged was acquired prior to March 1, 1913, the basis for determining GAIN is the cost or the fair market value as of March 1, 1913, adjusted as provided in Section 113 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1934, whichever is greater, but in determining LOSS the basis is cost so adjusted. (See Section 113 of the Revenue Act of 1934.) If the amount shown as cost is other than actual cash cost of the property sold or exchanged, full details must be furnished regarding the acquisition of the property.

Enter as depreciation the amount of exhaustion, wear and tear, obsolescence, or depletion which has been allowed (but not less than the amount allowable) in respect of such property since date of acquisition, or since March 1, 1913, if the property was acquired before that date. In addition, if the property was acquired before March 1, 1913, the cost shall be reduced by the depreciation actually sustained before that date.

Subsequent improvements include expenditures for additions, improvements, and repairs made to restore the property or prolong its useful life. Do not deduct ordinary repairs, interest, or taxes in computing gain or loss.

No loss shall be recognized in any sale or other disposition of shares of stock or securities where you have acquired substantially identical stock or securities within 30 days before or after the date of such sale or disposition, unless you are engaged in the trade or business of buying and selling stocks and securities.

No deduction shall be allowed in respect of losses from sales or exchanges of property, directly or indirectly, (A) between members of a family, or (B) except in the case of distributions in liquidation, between an individual and a corporation in which such individual owns, directly or indirectly, more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock. For the purpose of this paragraph—(C) an individual shall be considered as owning the stock owned, directly or indirectly, by his family; and (D) the family of an individual shall include only his brothers and sisters (whether by the whole or half blood), spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants.

The provisions of the Revenue Act of 1934 relating to capital gains and losses are:

Sec. 117. (a) *General rule.*—In the case of a taxpayer, other than a corporation, only the following percentages of the gain or loss recognized upon the sale or exchange of a capital asset shall be taken into account in computing net income:

100 per centum if the capital asset has been held for not more than 1 year;
80 per centum if the capital asset has been held for more than 1 year but not for more than 2 years;
60 per centum if the capital asset has been held for more than 2 years but not for more than 5 years;
40 per centum if the capital asset has been held for more than 5 years but not for more than 10 years;
30 per centum if the capital asset has been held for more than 10 years.

(b) *Definition of capital assets.*—For the purposes of this title, "capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but does not include stock in trade of the taxpayer or other property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business.

(c) *Determination of period for which held.*—For the purpose of subsection (a)—
(1) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held property received on an exchange there shall be included the period for which he held the property exchanged if under the provisions of section 113 the property received has, for the purpose of determining gain or loss from a sale or exchange, the same basis in whole or in part in his hands as the property exchanged.

(2) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held property however acquired there shall be included the period for which such property was held by any other person, if under the provisions of section 113, such property has, for the purpose of determining gain or loss from a sale or exchange, the same basis in whole or in part in his hands as it would have in the hands of such other person.

(3) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held stock or securities received upon a distribution where no gain was recognized to the distributee under the provisions of section 112 (g) of the Revenue Act of 1928 or the Revenue Act of 1932, there shall be included the period for which he held the stock or securities in the distributing corporation prior to the receipt of the stock or securities upon such distribution.

(4) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held stock or securities the acquisition of which (or the contract or option to acquire which) resulted in the nondeductibility (under section 113 of this Act or section 118 of the Revenue Act of 1928 or the Revenue Act of 1932, relating to wash sales) of the loss from the sale or other disposition of substantially identical stock or securities, there shall be included the period for which he held the stock or securities the loss from the sale or other disposition of which was not deductible.

(d) *Limitation on capital losses.*—Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall be allowed only to the extent of \$2,000 plus the gains from such sales or exchanges.

(e) *Gains and losses from short sales, etc.*—For the purpose of this title—

(1) gains or losses from short sales of property shall be considered as gains or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets; and

(2) gains or losses attributable to the failure to exercise privileges or options to buy or sell property shall be considered as gains or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets held for one year or less.

(f) *Retirement of bonds, etc.*—For the purposes of this title, amounts received by the holder upon the retirement of bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates or other evidences of indebtedness issued by any corporation (including those issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, shall be considered as amounts received in exchange therefor.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 117 (a) above, 100 percent of the gain resulting to the distributee from distributions in liquidation of a corporation shall be taken into account in computing net income. (See Section 115 (c) of the Revenue Act of 1934.)

Section 117 applies only to gains and losses upon the sale or exchange of capital assets and, therefore, has no application to loss of useful value upon the permanent abandonment of the use of property or loss sustained as the result of corporate stock or debts becoming worthless.

In the application of Section 117 a husband and wife, regardless of whether a joint return or separate returns are made, are considered to be separate taxpayers. Accordingly, the limitation under Section 117 (d) on the allowance of losses of one spouse from sales or exchanges of capital assets is in all cases to be computed without regard to gains and losses of the other spouse upon sales or exchanges of capital assets.

9. INTEREST ON LIBERTY BONDS, ETC.

Schedule D should be filled in if you own any of the obligations or securities enumerated in Column 1. Enter in Column 2 the principal amounts of the various obligations owned at the end of the year and enter in Column 3 all interest received or credited to your account during the year on these obligations, including your share of such interest received from a partnership, or an estate or trust.

Interest on all coupons falling due within the taxable year will be considered as income for the year, where the books are kept on a cash receipts and disbursements basis. If the books are kept on an accrual basis, report the actual amount of interest accrued on the obligations owned during the taxable year.

If the obligations enumerated on Line (e) are owned in excess of the exemption of \$5,000, or any on Line (f) are owned in any amount, Columns 5 and 6 should be filled in, and the total of the interest reported on Line (g) should be entered as Item 9 on page 1 of the return.

(See also Instruction 24, paragraph (d).)

10. DIVIDENDS

Enter as Item 10 (a) dividends from a domestic corporation which is subject to taxation under Title I of the Revenue Act of 1934 (other than a corporation entitled to the benefits of Section 251 of the Revenue Act of 1934 and other than a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922), including your share of such dividends received on stock owned by a partnership, or an estate or trust. Enter as Item 10 (b) dividends from a domestic corporation which is not subject to taxation under Title I of the Revenue Act of 1934 (such as a building and loan association, etc.). Enter as Item 10 (c) dividends from a foreign corporation and dividends from a corporation entitled to the benefits of Section 251 of the Revenue Act of 1934 and a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922.

11. OTHER INCOME

Enter as Item 11 all other taxable income for which no space is provided on the return.

12. TOTAL INCOME

Enter as Item 12 the net amount of Items 1 to 11, inclusive, after deducting any expenses reported in Item 1, and losses in Items 2, 5, 7, and 8.

13. INTEREST PAID

Enter as Item 13 interest paid on personal indebtedness as distinguished from business indebtedness (which should be deducted under Schedule A or B). Do not include interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation.

14. TAXES PAID

Enter as Item 14 personal taxes and taxes paid on property not used in your business or profession, not including those assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed. Do not include Federal income taxes, nor estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, nor taxes imposed upon your interest as shareholder of a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from you, nor income taxes claimed as a credit in Item 33. No deduction is allowable for any portion of foreign income and profits taxes if a credit is claimed in Item 33.

Any deduction on account of taxes should be explained in Schedule F.

15. LOSSES BY FIRE, STORM, ETC.

Enter as Item 15 losses of property not connected with your business or profession, sustained during the year if arising from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, and if not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. See Section 23 (e) of the Revenue Act of 1934.

Explain losses claimed in the table provided on page 2 of the return.

16. BAD DEBTS

Enter as Item 16 all bad debts other than those claimed as a deduction in Schedule A. State in Schedule F, (a) what the debts consisted, (b) when they were created, (c) when they became due, (d) what efforts were made to collect, and (e) how they were actually determined to be worthless.

17. CONTRIBUTIONS

Enter as Item 17 contributions or gifts made within the taxable year to any corporation, or trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to influence legislation. The amount claimed shall not exceed 15 percent of your net income computed without the benefit of this deduction. A fiduciary filing the return for an estate may claim, in lieu of this deduction, that provided in Section 162 of the Revenue Act of 1934. List organizations and amounts contributed to each in Schedule F.

18. OTHER DEDUCTIONS

Enter as Item 18 any other authorized deductions for which no space is provided on the return. Do not deduct losses incurred in transactions which were neither connected with your trade or business nor entered into for profit. If the return is filed for an estate in process of administration, there should be deducted the amount of any income paid or credited to a beneficiary. Any deduction claimed should be explained in Schedule F.

No deduction is allowable for the amount of any item or part thereof allocable to a class of exempt income, other than interest. Items directly attributable to such exempt income shall be allocated thereto, and items directly attributable to any class of taxable income shall be allocated to such taxable income. A taxpayer receiving any exempt income, other than interest, or holding any property or engaging in any activity the income from which is exempt shall submit with his return as a part thereof an itemized statement, in detail, showing (1) the amount of each class of exempt income, and (2) the amount of items allocated to each such class (the amount allocated by apportionment being shown separately).

19. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS IN ITEMS 13 TO 18

Enter as Item 19 the total of Items 13 to 18, inclusive. This amount should not include any deduction claimed in Schedule A or B.

20. NET INCOME

Enter as Item 20 the net income, which is obtained by deducting Item 19 from Item 12. The net income shall be computed upon the basis of the taxable year in accordance with the method of accounting regularly employed in keeping your books, unless such method does not clearly reflect your income.

21. PERSONS REQUIRED TO MAKE A RETURN OF INCOME

An income tax return must be filed by every citizen of the United States whether residing at home or abroad, and every person residing in the United States though not a citizen thereof, whose gross income for the taxable year amounted to \$5,000, or whose net income amounted to—

- \$1,000 if single or if married and not living with husband or wife;
- \$2,500 if married and living with husband or wife; or
- More than the personal exemption if status of taxpayer changed.

If an individual is single and the net income, including that of dependent minors, if any, is \$1,000 or over, or if the gross income is \$5,000 or over, a return must be filed. If the combined net income of husband and wife, and dependent minor children, if any, is \$2,500 or over, or if their combined gross income is \$5,000 or over, all such income must be reported on a joint return, or on separate returns of husband and wife. In case the husband and wife elect to file separate returns and their combined net income is \$5,000 or over, each shall make a return on Form 1040.

If the net income of a decedent to the date of his death was \$1,000 or over, if unmarried, or in excess of the credit allowed him by Section 25 (b) (1) and (3) of the Revenue Act of 1934 (computed without regard to his status as the head of a family), if married and living with spouse, or if his gross income for the period was \$5,000 or over, the executor or administrator shall make a return for him on Form 1040 or 1040A.

Income of (a) estates of decedents before final settlement, (b) trusts, whether created by will or deed, for unascertained persons or persons with contingent interests; or income held under the terms of the will or trust for future distribution, is taxed to the fiduciary as a single person, except that from the income of a decedent's estate there should be deducted any amount properly paid or credited to a beneficiary.

22. EARNED INCOME CREDIT, PERSONAL EXEMPTION, AND CREDIT FOR DEPENDENTS

For the purpose of the normal tax, but not for the surtax, there may be claimed a credit against net income of 10 percent of the amount of the earned net income, but not in excess of 10 percent of the amount of the entire net income. "Earned income" means wages, salaries, professional fees, and other amounts received as compensation for personal services actually rendered, but does not include any amount not included in gross income, nor that part of the compensation derived by the taxpayer for personal services rendered by him to a corporation which represents a distribution of earnings or profits rather than a reasonable allowance as compensation for the personal services actually rendered. In the case of a taxpayer engaged in a trade or business in which both personal services and capital are material income producing factors, a reasonable allowance as compensation for the personal services actually rendered by the taxpayer, not in excess of 20 percent of his share of the net profits of such trade or business, shall be considered as earned income. "Earned income deductions" means such deductions as are allowed by Section 23 of the Revenue Act of 1934 for the purpose of computing net income, and are properly allocable to or chargeable against earned income. "Earned net income" means the excess of the amount of the earned income over the sum of the earned income deductions. If the taxpayer's net income is not more than \$3,000, his entire net income shall be considered to be earned net income, and if his net income is more than \$3,000, his earned net income shall not be considered to be less than \$3,000. In no case shall the earned net income be considered to be more than \$14,000.

A single person, or a married person not living with husband or wife, may claim an exemption of \$1,000. A person who was the head of a family or was married and living with husband or wife during the entire taxable year, may claim an exemption of \$2,500. If husband and wife file separate returns, the exemption may be taken by either or divided between them.

A "head of a family" is an individual who actually supports and maintains in one household one or more individuals who are closely connected with him by blood relationship, relationship by marriage, or by adoption, and whose right to exercise family control and provide for these dependent individuals is based upon some moral or legal obligation.

In addition to the personal exemption, a credit of \$400 may be claimed for each person (other than husband or wife) under 18 years of age, or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective, who received his or her chief support from the taxpayer during the taxable year. This credit can be claimed only by the person who furnishes the chief support, and cannot be divided between two individuals. Explain such credit in Schedule F, furnishing the name of each dependent, the relationship between taxpayer and dependent, and the reason for support if the dependent is not under 18 years of age.

If the status of the taxpayer, insofar as it affects the personal exemption or credit for dependents, changed during the taxable year, the personal exemption and credit shall be apportioned in accordance with the number of months before and after such change. For the purpose of such apportionment a fractional part of a month shall be disregarded unless it amounts to more than half a month, in which case it shall be considered as a month.

Where a return is filed on this form for an estate in process of administration, or for a trust, an exemption of \$1,000 may be claimed.

23. COMPUTATION OF TAX

Surtax.—The surtax on any amount of surtax net income not shown in the table below is computed by adding to the surtax for the largest amount shown which is less than the income, the surtax upon the excess over that amount at the rate indicated in the table.

SURTAX RATES

Amount of surtax net income	Rate per cent	Total surtax	Amount of surtax net income	Rate per cent	Total surtax
A	B	C	A	B	C
\$0 to \$4,000			\$50,000 to \$56,000	30	\$9,500
4,000 to 6,000	4	\$80	56,000 to 62,000	33	11,480
6,000 to 8,000	5	180	62,000 to 68,000	36	13,640
8,000 to 10,000	6	300	68,000 to 74,000	39	15,980
10,000 to 12,000	7	440	74,000 to 80,000	42	18,500
12,000 to 14,000	8	600	80,000 to 86,000	45	21,200
14,000 to 16,000	9	780	86,000 to 92,000	48	24,080
16,000 to 18,000	11	1,000	92,000 to 98,000	51	27,140
18,000 to 20,000	13	1,260	98,000 to 104,000	54	30,380
20,000 to 22,000	15	1,560	104,000 to 110,000	57	33,800
22,000 to 24,000	17	1,900	110,000 to 116,000	60	37,400
24,000 to 26,000	19	2,280	116,000 to 122,000	63	41,180
26,000 to 28,000	21	2,700	122,000 to 128,000	66	45,140
28,000 to 30,000	24	3,160	128,000 to 134,000	69	49,280
30,000 to 32,000	26	3,660	134,000 to 140,000	72	53,600
32,000 to 34,000	28	4,200	140,000 to 146,000	75	58,100
34,000 to 36,000	31	4,780	146,000 to 152,000	78	62,780
36,000 to 38,000	34	5,400	152,000 to 158,000	81	67,640
38,000 to 40,000	37	6,060	158,000 to 164,000	84	72,680
40,000 to 42,000	40	6,760	164,000 to 170,000	87	77,900
42,000 to 44,000	43	7,500	170,000 to 176,000	90	83,300
44,000 to 46,000	46	8,280	176,000 to 182,000	93	88,880
46,000 to 48,000	49	9,100	182,000 to 188,000	96	94,640
48,000 to 50,000	52	9,960	188,000 to 194,000	99	100,580
50,000 to 52,000	55	10,860	194,000 to 200,000	102	106,700
52,000 to 54,000	58	11,800	200,000 to 206,000	105	113,000
54,000 to 56,000	61	12,780	206,000 to 212,000	108	119,480
56,000 to 58,000	64	13,800	212,000 to 218,000	111	126,140
58,000 to 60,000	67	14,860	218,000 to 224,000	114	132,980
60,000 to 62,000	70	15,960	224,000 to 230,000	117	140,000
62,000 to 64,000	73	17,100	230,000 to 236,000	120	147,200
64,000 to 66,000	76	18,280	236,000 to 242,000	123	154,580
66,000 to 68,000	79	19,500	242,000 to 248,000	126	162,140
68,000 to 70,000	82	20,760	248,000 to 254,000	129	169,880
70,000 to 72,000	85	22,060	254,000 to 260,000	132	177,800
72,000 to 74,000	88	23,400	260,000 to 266,000	135	185,900
74,000 to 76,000	91	24,780	266,000 to 272,000	138	194,180
76,000 to 78,000	94	26,200	272,000 to 278,000	141	202,640
78,000 to 80,000	97	27,660	278,000 to 284,000	144	211,280
80,000 to 82,000	100	29,160	284,000 to 290,000	147	220,100
82,000 to 84,000	103	30,700	290,000 to 296,000	150	229,100
84,000 to 86,000	106	32,280	296,000 to 302,000	153	238,280
86,000 to 88,000	109	33,900	302,000 to 308,000	156	247,640
88,000 to 90,000	112	35,560	308,000 to 314,000	159	257,180
90,000 to 92,000	115	37,260	314,000 to 320,000	162	266,900
92,000 to 94,000	118	39,000	320,000 to 326,000	165	276,800
94,000 to 96,000	121	40,780	326,000 to 332,000	168	286,880
96,000 to 98,000	124	42,600	332,000 to 338,000	171	297,140
98,000 to 100,000	127	44,460	338,000 to 344,000	174	307,680
			344,000 to 350,000	177	318,400
			350,000 to 356,000	180	329,300
			356,000 to 362,000	183	340,380
			362,000 to 368,000	186	351,640
			368,000 to 374,000	189	363,080
			374,000 to 380,000	192	374,700
			380,000 to 386,000	195	386,500
			386,000 to 392,000	198	398,480
			392,000 to 398,000	201	410,640
			398,000 to 404,000	204	422,980
			404,000 to 410,000	207	435,500
			410,000 to 416,000	210	448,200
			416,000 to 422,000	213	461,080
			422,000 to 428,000	216	474,140
			428,000 to 434,000	219	487,380
			434,000 to 440,000	222	500,800
			440,000 to 446,000	225	514,400
			446,000 to 452,000	228	528,180
			452,000 to 458,000	231	542,140
			458,000 to 464,000	234	556,280
			464,000 to 470,000	237	570,600
			470,000 to 476,000	240	585,100
			476,000 to 482,000	243	599,780
			482,000 to 488,000	246	614,640
			488,000 to 494,000	249	629,680
			494,000 to 500,000	252	644,900
			500,000 to 506,000	255	660,300
			506,000 to 512,000	258	675,880
			512,000 to 518,000	261	691,640
			518,000 to 524,000	264	707,580
			524,000 to 530,000	267	723,700
			530,000 to 536,000	270	740,000
			536,000 to 542,000	273	756,480
			542,000 to 548,000	276	773,140
			548,000 to 554,000	279	790,080
			554,000 to 560,000	282	807,300
			560,000 to 566,000	285	824,700
			566,000 to 572,000	288	842,280
			572,000 to 578,000	291	860,040
			578,000 to 584,000	294	877,980
			584,000 to 590,000	297	896,100
			590,000 to 596,000	300	914,400
			596,000 to 602,000	303	932,880
			602,000 to 608,000	306	951,540
			608,000 to 614,000	309	970,380
			614,000 to 620,000	312	989,400
			620,000 to 626,000	315	1,008,600
			626,000 to 632,000	318	1,028,080
			632,000 to 638,000	321	1,047,740
			638,000 to 644,000	324	1,067,580
			644,000 to 650,000	327	1,087,600
			650,000 to 656,000	330	1,107,800
			656,000 to 662,000	333	1,128,180
			662,000 to 668,000	336	1,148,740
			668,000 to 674,000	339	1,169,480
			674,000 to 680,000	342	1,190,400
			680,000 to 686,000	345	1,211,500
			686,000 to 692,000	348	1,232,780
			692,000 to 698,000	351	1,254,240
			698,000 to 704,000	354	1,275,880
			704,000 to 710,000	357	1,297,700
			710,000 to 716,000	360	1,319,700
			716,000 to 722,000	363	1,341,880
			722,000 to 728,000	366	1,364,240
			728,000 to 734,000	369	1,386,780
			734,000 to 740,000	372	1,409,500
			740,000 to 746,000	375	1,432,400
			746,000 to 752,000	378	1,455,480
			752,000 to 758,000	381	1,478,740
			758,000 to 764,000	384	1,502,180
			764,000 to 770,000	387	1,525,800
			770,000 to 776,000	390	1,549,600
			776,000 to 782,000	393	1,573,580
			782,000 to 788,000	396	1,597,740